



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

By Allah's name *Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)*

1. <i>Subhana</i> ¹ (hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects and that everything solemnly stands in awe and utmost consecration of Allah) Who asra ([He] nocturnally-ambulated/journeyed) by abdebe ² (His slave) nightly ³ from The Sacred The Mosque to The Mosque The <i>Aqssa</i> (Uttermost), which ^x We blessed around it ^x to show him [We] of Our <i>Aya'te</i> ^w (miracles); Verily He, He (is) The <i>Sameeo</i> ⁴ (The Acute-Hearer/The Enabler of others to hear/favorable Answerer to prayer), The <i>Basseero</i> (keen: Seer/comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences).	سُبْحَنَ الَّذِي أَسْرَى بِعَبْدِهِ لَيْلًا مِّنَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ إِلَى الْمَسْجِدِ الْأَقْصَا الَّذِي بَارَكْنَا حَوْلَهُ لِنُرِيَهُ مِنْ آيَاتِنَا إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْبَصِيرُ ﴿١﴾
2. And <i>aa'tayna</i> (We accorded) <i>Mosa</i> (Moses) the book ^x and We made it ^x an aright-guidance for Israel's sons that not <i>tattakbetho</i> ⁵ (you ^z take and presume) of lesser than/without Me a custodian.	وَأَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ وَجَعَلْنَاهُ هُدًى لِّبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ إِلَّا تَتَّخِذُوا مِنْ دُونِي وَكِيلًا ﴿٢﴾
3. Progeny ^{w6} of whom ^p We carried with <i>Nooben</i> (Noah); verily he [was] an <i>abdan</i> (submitter/worshipper-/slave) <i>shakoran</i> (multitudinous thanker).	ذُرِّيَّةً مِّنْ حَمَلْنَا مَعَ نُوحٍ إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَبْدًا شَكُورًا ﴿٣﴾
4. And We judged/informed ⁷ to Israel's sons in the book, surely assuredly ⁸ you ^z (shall) corrupt in the Earth ^w twice; and surely assuredly you ^z (shall) overtop, a big overtopping ⁹ .	وَقَضَيْنَا إِلَى بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ فِي الْكِتَابِ لَتُفْسِدُنَّ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَرَّتَيْنِ وَلَتَعْلُنَّ عُلُوقَ كَبِيرًا ﴿٤﴾
5. So <i>edha</i> (when/if) came appointment (of the) first ^w (of) [them both] We (will have) missioned ¹⁰ over you ^b <i>ebadan</i> (worshippers/ submitters/ slaves) for Us possessors	فَإِذَا جَاءَ وَعْدُ أُولَاهُمَا بَعَثْنَا عَلَيْكُمْ عِبَادًا لَّنَا أُولِي بَأْسٍ

¹ The word "*subhana*" = "سبحان" has no English equivalent! Wherever this word, or its grammatical inflections (such as "سبحانك" or "سبحانه") occur all are associated with the divine uniqueness of Allah, doing stupendous work that Allah and Allah alone can do, thus Allah is hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects, and that everything solemnly stands in awe and utmost consecration of His divine and stupendous uniqueness! So, we can render "*subhana*" = "سبحان" concept by saying: hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects, and that all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him!

² The word "*abdebe*" = "His slave," the denotation of the word "slave" is vastly paradoxical with respect to Allah vis-à-vis the humans! See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for an elaboration!

³ The word "أسرى و سرى؛ و قيل أن أسرى من أول الليل و سرى من آخره" means night-journeying! And the additional "nightly" = "ليلا على التكرير و الظرفية" is adverbial for emphasis and partialness, i.e. part of the night!

⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for this multi-meaning word "Same'o" = "السميع"!

⁵ The word "اتخذ" from "الإتخاذ" which is "إفتعال" for "الأتخاذ," as stated in *لسان العرب*; therefore, "اتخذ" is always taking and making/ presuming some-thing of what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

⁶ The word "ذرية" linguistically has double meaning: (1) ancestry or (2) progeny! See *اللسان*! Clearly in this context progeny is what applies, as the *Ayah* addresses a people and reminding them about this fact! Also the word progeny is both plural and singular or progenies; clearly here it is the descendants which are in reference!

⁷ The Arabic word "قضى" = judged, has many distinctly different meanings, among them: informed, applicable here!

⁸ The "ل" in "لتفسدن/ لتعلن" is a juratory "ل" = "القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد," i.e. affirmation, expressed by "assuredly"

⁹ Some say that the "ل" in both "لتفسدن" and "لتعلن" is "ل" = "قسم مضمرة" = hidden pronoun for oath! See *الطبري*!

¹⁰ The word "بعث" carries several meanings, among them: sent, missioned, resurrected, awoken, and prompted!

(of) severe <i>ba'a'sen</i> (warfare) then <i>jaso</i> (ravaged they) midst/through ¹¹ the homes ^{w12} ; and (such) [was] a promise <i>mufoola</i> ¹³ (a matter inevitably done/fulfilled).	شَدِيدٍ فَجَاسُوا خِلَالَ الدِّيَارِ وَكَانَ وَعْدًا مَّفْعُولًا ﴿١١﴾
6. Afterwards (will have) <i>radadna</i> ¹⁴ (We forthwith-returned) for you ^b the recurrence ^w on them and We (will have) supplied you ^b by possessions and sons and We (will have) made you ^b more <i>na'feera</i> ¹⁵ (preparedness in numbers and succorers mobilizing).	ثُمَّ رَدَدْنَا لَكُمُ الْكَرَّةَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَأَمَدَدْنَكُمْ بِأَمْوَالٍ وَبَنِينَ وَجَعَلْنَكُمْ أَكْثَرَ نَفِيرًا ﴿١٢﴾
7. En (if) <i>abasantom</i> ([you ^c] rendered benevolence/ultimately perfected and beautified your ⁿ deeds/says) <i>absantom</i> for your ⁿ selves ^w and en offended you ^c so (is) then for it ^w ; then <i>edha</i> (when/if) comes promise(of) the other ^w to displease they ^z your ⁿ faces ¹⁶ and to enter they ^z The Mosque like they ^z entered it ^x first [once ^w] (time ^w); and to <i>youtabbero</i> (they ^z ruin/damage) what they ^z overtopped ¹⁷ (overrode/conquered) <i>tatbera</i> ¹⁸ (an utter-bane/damage).	إِنْ أَحْسَنْتُمْ أَحْسَنْتُمْ لِأَنْفُسِكُمْ وَإِنْ أَسَأْتُمْ فَلَهَا فَإِذَا جَاءَ وَعْدُ الْآخِرَةِ لِيُسْتَوَا وَجُوهَكُمْ وَلِيَدْخُلُوا الْمَسْجِدَ كَمَا دَخَلُوهُ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ وَلِيُتَبِّرُوا مَا عَلَوْا تَتْبِيرًا ﴿١٣﴾
8. <i>Asa</i> (craving a deed beyond one's means that/may) [it ^x] your ⁿ Lord to <i>yarhama</i> (mercy-give) you ^b and en (if) reverted you ^c We revert; and We made Hell ^w for the disbelievers a prison/a mat ¹⁹ .	عَسَىٰ رَبُّكُمْ أَنْ يَرْحَمَكُمْ وَإِنْ عُدْتُمْ عُدْنَا وَجَعَلْنَا جَهَنَّمَ لِلْكَافِرِينَ حَصِيرًا ﴿١٤﴾
9. Verily this ^x The Qur'an ^x aright-guides to which ^u it ^w (is) upright-straighter and <i>youbashsher</i> ([it ^x] tells pleasant tidings) (to) the believers who ^r they ^z work the righteous works ^w that for them (is) a big remuneration.	إِنَّ هَذَا الْقُرْآنَ يَهْدِي لِلَّتِي هِيَ أَقْوَمُ وَيُبَشِّرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ الصَّالِحَاتِ أَنَّ لَهُمْ أَجْرًا كَبِيرًا ﴿١٥﴾
10. And verily who ^r they ^z believe not by the Here-after ^w We prepared for them a painful torment.	وَأَنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ أَعْتَدْنَا لَهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا ﴿١٦﴾
11. And prays/invokes the mankind by the evil his pray/invocation by the <i>khayre</i> (goodness/worthiness-/desirables) and [was] the mankind hasty.	وَيَدْعُ الْإِنْسَانَ بِالشَّرِّ دُعَاءَهُ بِالْخَيْرِ وَكَانَ الْإِنْسَانُ عَجُولًا ﴿١٧﴾
12. And We made the night and the day a twain <i>Aya'ta</i> ^w (miracle/sign/proof), then We erased the night's	وَجَعَلْنَا اللَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ آيَاتَيْنِ فَمَحَوْنَا آيَةَ اللَّيْلِ وَجَعَلْنَا آيَةَ

¹¹ The word “خلال” means “among” or “midst,” see اللسان

¹² That is *your* homes^w!

¹³ The word “mufoola”= “مفعولاً” is singular, masculine objective noun, meaning: *it inevitably, indeed to be carried out!*

¹⁴ The word “رَدَدْنَا” is rooted in “رَدَّ,” meaning “forthwith-returned,” based on the *Ayah*: “And when (had) been greeted you^r by a greeting^w, then you^r greet by better than it^w or you^r forthwith-return it^w.” (S4: 86). Also one should bear in mind that a “day” “by Allah’s rule” is equivalent to one thousand-years of our reckoning, as stated by the *Ayah*: “and verily a day *enda* (by Rule of) your^t Lord (is) like a thousand-year of what you^z reckon!” (S22: 47)!

¹⁵ The word “تَفِيرًا” has many meanings, among them, it’s a “مصدر” = infinitive noun, perhaps for intensity: and “انصاراً” i.e. *numerous peoples mobilizing in preparedness for succoring in war or war-status-condition for a cause or a group!* See التاج! So perhaps, and Allah knows best, the influence of World Zionism since early 20th Century to the present (2006) is a good example, as such influence penetrates most “decision-making bodies” throughout the world in support of its unfair and vile causes! See إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي، and إكتب التفسير

¹⁶ The word “وَجُوهَكُمْ” in “وَجُوهَكُمْ” has many meanings, among them: your chieftains, or your notables or leaders among you! And if that happens to such people in any community then the rest clearly are worsted or bested! See الراغب والهادي

¹⁷ The word “عَلَوْا” means *they overtop* as “علا” means: *overtop, conquered and prevailed upon!* إلسان العرب

¹⁸ The word “تَتْبِيرًا” is an infinitive noun, for intensity for being repetitive and utter! So, “utter smashing” or utter damage!

¹⁹ The word “حَصِيرًا” could also mean a “mat!”

<i>Aya'ta</i>^w and made We the day's <i>Aya'ta</i>^w <i>mubsseratan</i>^w (discernment-enabler)^w to <i>tabtagho</i>²⁰ (you^z earnestly-quest) munificence from yourⁿ Lord and to know you^z the years^w number and the reckoning; and each thing expounded it^x We <i>tafsselan</i>²¹ (detailed-expounding).	النَّهَارِ مُبْصِرَةً لِّتَبْتَغُوا فَضْلًا مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ وَلِتَعْلَمُوا عَدَدَ السِّنِينَ وَالْحِسَابَ وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ فَصَّلَنَاهُ تَفْصِيلًا ﴿٢٠﴾
13. And each mankind We bounded him his omen in his neck^w and <i>nokbrejo</i> ([We] produce/emerge) for him The <i>Qeyamatey</i>'s^w (Judgment's) Day^x a book^x [he] finds it^x <i>manshoora</i> (that which is spread, i.e. unfolded).	وَكُلُّ إِنْسَانٍ أَلْزَمْنَاهُ طَائِرَهُ فِي عُنُقِهِ وَنُخْرِجُ لَهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ كِتَابًا يَلْقَاهُ مَنشُورًا ﴿٢١﴾
14. Let-read [you^s] your^t book, sufficed by your^t self^w today on you^g <i>Haseeban</i> (Meticulous Reckoner).	أَقْرَأْ كِتَابَكَ كَفَىٰ بِنَفْسِكَ الْيَوْمَ عَلَيْكَ حَسِيبًا ﴿٢٢﴾
15. Whoever <i>ehtada</i> (he found and accepted the aright-guidance), so verily only <i>yahtadey</i> (he finds and accepts the aright-guidance) for himself^w and whoever [he] strayed then verily only [he] strays on it^w; and not <i>ta'zero</i> (ill-burdens/sins/offends) a <i>wa'zeyraton</i> (she-ill-burden-bearer/she-sinner/she-offender) another's <i>wezra</i> (an ill-burden/sin/offense);²² and were not We tormentors until [We] mission²³ a messenger.	مَنْ اهْتَدَىٰ فَإِنَّمَا يَهْتَدِي لِنَفْسِهِ وَمَنْ ضَلَّ فَإِنَّمَا يَضِلُّ عَلَيْنَا وَلَا تَزِرُ وَازِرَةٌ وِزْرَ أُخْرَىٰ وَمَا كُنَّا مُعَذِّبِينَ حَتَّىٰ نَبْعَثَ رَسُولًا ﴿٢٣﴾
16. And if We wanted to perish a village^w We commanded its^w affluents then <i>fa'saga</i>²⁴ (they^z rebelled vis-à-vis Allah's command) in it^w so righted on it^w the say, so We destroyed it^w <i>tedmeeran</i>²⁵ (utter-destruction).	وَإِذَا أَرَدْنَا أَن نُّهْلِكَ قَرْيَةً أَمَرْنَا مُتْرَفِيهَا فَفَسَقُوا فِيهَا فَحَقَّ عَلَيْنَا الْقَوْلُ فَنَدْمَرْنَاهَا تَدْمِيرًا ﴿٢٤﴾
17. And how-many²⁶ We perished of the generations of after <i>Nooben</i> (Noah) and sufficed by your^t Lord by His <i>eba'de</i>'s (worshippers/submitters/slaves)'s offenses Proficient, <i>Basseeran</i> (keen: Seer/-comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences).	وَكَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا مِنَ الْقُرُونِ مِن بَعْدِ نُوحٍ وَكَفَىٰ بِرَبِّكَ بِذُنُوبِ عِبَادِهِ خَبِيرًا بَصِيرًا ﴿٢٥﴾
18. Whoever [he] [was] wanting the <i>Hastener</i>^{w27} We hastened for him in it^w what [We] will for whom^p [We] want; afterwards We made for him Hell^w <i>yassla</i>²⁸ ([he] shall be broiled on/by) it^w <i>mathmooman</i>²⁹ (he	مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ الْعَاجِلَةَ عَجَّلْنَا لَهُ فِيهَا مَا نَشَاءُ لِمَن نُّرِيدُ ثُمَّ

²⁰ The word “ابتغى”= “طلب حثيثا” meaning: earnestly quested!

²¹ The word “تفصيلاً”= “إسم مصدر” that is an unrestricted objective noun indicating intensity or emphasis of the nature of the act of that verb itself! In this case expressing intensity of the “expounding,” hence detailed is prefixed to attain this intensity!

²² The word “وزر”= *we'zir* means: heavy: burden/sin/offense! Translated parenthetically here as “heavy: burden/sin/offense” as it is a heavy: burden which impedes, unless properly handled! It is potentially a sin or an offense for a “وزير”= *vizier* because he carries the heavy burden of the King to administer the affairs charged to him. And the vizier's responsibility is so enormous that if he makes a mistake, intended or not, it could be fatal to him and others! Thus, I chose to further qualify “burden” by the word “ill” as such qualification really and truly best approximate the seriousness of such a burden in reference! See اللسان!

²³ See footnote 10 above regarding بعث!

²⁴ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the word *faseoonn* = “الفاسقون” for elaboration!

²⁵ In this case “utter” is used to intensify destruction!

²⁶ The word “كم” is an interrogative exclamatory particle, meaning: “how-many,” “how-much,” “how-long!”

²⁷ That is, this world goes rather fast and after all it is transitory pomp! In Arabic “world” is a feminine gender!

²⁸ The word “يصلى” transliterated “yassla” here for lack of a properly corresponding word in English, means broil simultaneously from all sides, as if the entire body is immersed in the intensely kindled Fire!

²⁹ The word “mathmooman”= “مذموما” is a masculine, singular, objective noun, no English equivalent for it!

who is despised) <i>madhooran</i>³⁰ (he who is driven-away from Allah's mercy/ he who is reprobated).	جَعَلْنَا لَهُ جَهَنَّمَ يَصْلَاهَا مَذْمُومًا مَّدْحُورًا ﴿١٨﴾
19. And whoever [he] wanted the Hereafter^w and [he] endeavored³¹ for it^w its^w endeavor while he (is) a believer, so those, [was] their endeavor <i>mashkora</i>³² (it^w that which is being thanked).	وَمَنْ أَرَادَ الْآخِرَةَ وَسَعَىٰ لَهَا سَعِيًّا وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ فَأُولَٰئِكَ كَانَ سَعْيُهُمْ مَّشْكُورًا ﴿١٩﴾
20. Each [We] supply these and these (are) of your^t Lord's giving; and not [was] your^t Lord's giving <i>mahdhoran</i>³³ (that which is restricted).	كُلًّا نُمِدُّ هَتُولَاءِ وَهَتُولَاءِ مِنْ عَطَاءِ رَبِّكَ وَمَا كَانَ عَطَاءُ رَبِّكَ مُحْظُورًا ﴿٢٠﴾
21. Let-look[you^s] how favored/preferred We some (of) them over some; while surely the Hereafter^w (is) bigger ranks^w and bigger <i>tafdhelan</i> (favor/preferment).	أَنْظُرْ كَيْفَ فَضَّلْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ وَلِلْآخِرَةِ أَكْبَرُ دَرَجَاتٍ وَأَكْبَرُ تَفْضِيلًا ﴿٢١﴾
22. And let-not make [you^s] with Allah another <i>elaban</i> (a deity) then [you^s] sit <i>mathmooman</i> (he who is dispraised) <i>makhthola</i>³⁴ (he who is disappointed).	لَا تَجْعَلْ مَعَ اللَّهِ إِلَهًا آخَرَ فَتَقْعُدَ مَذْمُومًا مَّخْذُولًا ﴿٢٢﴾
23. And judged your^t Lord that not worship you^z except <i>eyyabo</i>³⁵ (indeed exclusively Him) and by both the begetters (parents) <i>ehsan</i> (reverentially and benevolently); either assuredly reaches <i>endaka</i> (with you-/at your custody) the agedness an <i>ahado</i>³⁶ (a lone/anyone) (of) them both or [them] both, then let-not say [you^s] for them both: fie; and let-not [you^s] scold them both; and let-say [you^s] for them both a say-<i>karee-man</i> (soft/pleasing, bounteous, and ennobling).	وَقَضَىٰ رَبُّكَ أَلَّا تَعْبُدُوا إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ وَبِالْوَالِدَيْنِ إِحْسَانًا إِمَّا يَبُلُغَنَّ عِنْدَكَ الْكَبَرُ أَحَدُهُمَا أَوْ كِلَاهُمَا فَلَا تَقُلْ لَهُمَا أُفٍّ وَلَا تَنْهَرَهُمَا وَقُلْ لَهُمَا قَوْلًا كَرِيمًا ﴿٢٣﴾
24. And let-lower [you^s] for them both, the wing (of) humility³⁷ of the mercy^w and let-say [you^s]: my Lord <i>erham</i> (mercy-give) them both like what both reared me (when I was) a little.	وَأَخْفِضْ لَهُمَا جَنَاحَ الذَّلِيلِ مِنَ الرَّحْمَةِ وَقُلْ رَبِّ أَرْحَمُهُمَا كَمَا رَبَّيَانِي صَغِيرًا ﴿٢٤﴾
25. Yourⁿ Lord (is) knower by what (is) in yourⁿ selves^w; en (if) you^z be <i>ssa'lebeena</i> (righteous-people), then verily He [was] for the <i>anwabeena</i> (iterative repenters) <i>Ghafooran</i> (iterative Forgiver).	رَبُّكُمْ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا فِي نُفُوسِكُمْ إِنْ تَكُونُوا صَالِحِينَ فَإِنَّهُ كَانَ لِالْأَوَّابِينَ غَفُورًا ﴿٢٥﴾
26. And eetey (let-accord [you^s]) the kin-possessor his right and (too) the poor and son (of) the path (the wayfarer); and let-not squander [you^s] an utter³⁸ squander.	وَأَنذَرْتُكَ الْفَقْرَ وَالْمَسْكِينَ وَأَبْنِ السَّبِيلَ وَلَا تَبْذُرْ تَبْذِيرًا ﴿٢٦﴾

³⁰ The word “*madhooran*”= “مَدْحُورًا” is a masculine, singular, objective noun, no English equivalent for it!

³¹ The word “سَعَى” has several meanings, depending on the context: (1) “بمعنى عدا دون الشد” i.e. strode = walking with long steps, especially in a hasty or vigorous way; (2) “بمعنى مشى أو مضى” i.e. treaded = walk on, over, or along; (3) “عمل باجتهاد” = endeavored, i.e. he made conscientious or concerted effort toward an end, as in this context; (4) “بمعنى قصد” intentionally treaded! When “سَعَى” in the sense of “striding” it is made transitive by “إلى” and when it is in the sense of “work” then it is made transitive by “اللام”. See اللسان, and الصائر!

³² The word “مشكورًا” is an objective noun for which there is no English equivalent per se!

³³ The word “محظورًا” is an objective noun for which there is no English equivalent per se!

³⁴ The word “مخذولًا” is an objective noun for which there is no English equivalent per se!

³⁵ The word “إياه”= “أداة تأكيد لضمير منصوب” is an article of intensity for an objective pronoun!

³⁶ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding “أحد”!

³⁷ What a lofty, elegant, and eloquent expression is: “the wing of humility of the mercy!” It’s your side of ease, leniency, kindness and servileness towards the begetter-parents who had begotten and reared you!

³⁸ The word “تبذير” is the infinitive noun of “بذر”, and so the word “utter” is used to indicate such intensification!

27. Verily the squanderers they ^z were the Satans' brothers and the Satan [was] for his Lord <i>kaforan</i> ³⁹ (iteratively ingrate).	إِنَّ الْمُبَذِّرِينَ كَانُوا إِخْوَانَ الشَّيَاطِينِ وَكَانَ الشَّيْطَانُ لِرَبِّهِ كَفُورًا ﴿٣٩﴾
28. And if [you ^s] assuredly shun <i>a'n</i> (off) them <i>ebegha'a</i> (earnest-quest) a mercy ^{w40} from your ^t Lord [you ^s] hope (for) it ^w ; then let say [you ^s] for them say <i>may'soran</i> (facile).	وَأَمَّا تَعْرِضْنَ عَنْهُمْ أَوْتَفَاءَ رَحْمَةٍ مِّنْ رَبِّكَ تَرْجُوهَا فَقُلْ لَهُمْ قَوْلًا مَّيْسُورًا ﴿٤٠﴾
29. And let-not make [you ^s] your ^t hand ^w fettered to your ^t neck ^w and let-not <i>tabso'tt</i> (swell/ outstretch) it ^w [you ^s] all the <i>bastte</i> (swelling/ out-stretching), then [you ^s] sit <i>maloo-man</i> (he who is dispraised/ despised) <i>mahsooran</i> ⁴¹ (he who is: cringer/ in ardent contrition).	وَلَا تَجْعَلْ يَدَكَ مَغْلُولَةً إِلَىٰ عُنُقِكَ وَلَا تَبْسُطْهَا كُلَّ الْبَسْطِ فَتَقْعُدَ مَلُومًا مَّحْسُورًا ﴿٤١﴾
30. Verily your ^t Lord, <i>yabsotto</i> ([He] swells/ expands) the <i>rez'qa</i> ^x (provision/ victuals for sustenance) ^x for whom ^p [He] wills and [He] constricts; verily He [was] by His <i>eba'de</i> (worshippers/ submitters/ slaves) Proficient Baseeran (keen: Seer/ comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences).	إِنَّ رَبَّكَ يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَيَقْدِرُ إِنَّهُ كَانَ بِعِبَادِهِ خَبِيرًا بَصِيرًا ﴿٤٢﴾
31. And let-not you ^z kill your ⁿ children (because of) <i>kbashya'te</i> (reverent-fear ^w) (of) impoverishment; We provide them and <i>eyyakum</i> ⁴² (indeed including you ^b); verily their killing [was] a big wrongdoing.	وَلَا تَقْتُلُوا أَوْلَادَكُمْ خَشْيَةً إِمَّا يَكُنْ نَرْزُقُكُمْ وَإِيَّاهُمْ قَتْلُهُمْ كَانِ خَطَاً كَبِيرًا ﴿٤٣﴾
32. And let-not you ^z near the adultery ^x ; verily it ^x [was] a profanity ^{w43} and fouled a path (it ^w is).	وَلَا تَقْرَبُوا الزِّنَىٰ إِنَّهُ كَانَ فَحِشَةً وَسَاءَ سَبِيلًا ﴿٤٤﴾
33. And let-not kill you ^z the self ^w , which ^u Allah hallowed-/forbade, except by the right; and whom ^p [he] (had been) killed unjustly, then <i>qad</i> (already and affirmatively) We made for his guardian an authority ⁴⁴ , so let-not <i>yus'ref</i> ([he] exceeds/ squander) in the killing; verily he [was] <i>manssoora</i> (he stands succored).	وَلَا تَقْتُلُوا النَّفْسَ الَّتِي حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ وَمَن قُتِلَ مَظْلُومًا فَقَدْ جَعَلْنَا لَوْلِيهِ سُلْطَانًا فَلَا يَسْرِفُ فِي الْقَتْلِ إِنَّهُ كَانَ مَنْصُورًا ﴿٤٥﴾
34. And let-not near you ^z the orphan's possession except by which ^u [it ^w] (is) <i>absa'no</i> ⁴⁵ (perfecter and beautifuler) until attains [he] his <i>ashud</i> ⁴⁶ (prime/ full mental and physical strengths); and you ^z fulfill ⁴⁷ by the covenant; verily the covenant [was] <i>masola</i> ⁴⁸ (that which is to be questioned about).	وَلَا تَقْرَبُوا مَالَ الْيَتِيمِ إِلَّا بِالَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ حَتَّىٰ يَبْلُغَ أَشُدَّهُ وَأَوْفُوا بِالْعَهْدِ إِنَّ الْعَهْدَ كَانَ مَسْئُولًا ﴿٤٦﴾

³⁹ The word “كُفُورٍ” is masculine noun, denying Allah's multiple favors, i.e. he is a multitudinous ingrate!

⁴⁰ The word “رَحْمَةٍ” has many meanings, among them here is: wished for provision= “ارزق”! See الطبري!

⁴¹ The word “حسرة” is “أشد الندم” see التاج! Thus we qualify the word “contrition” by ardent to indicate such strength of contrition!

⁴² The word “إِيَّايَ”، “أداة توكيد لضمير منصوب” = an article of intensity for an objective pronoun!

⁴³ The word “فاحشة” = “profanity” means vulgar or irreverent say or action, i.e. excess of ugliness in statement or action by an entity, a person or a group, or any of Allah's proscriptions! Some-times the word “فاحشة” or “الفاحشة” is euphemistically used to mean adultery or fornication or homosexuality, as in this context!

⁴⁴ The power means an authority over the wronger to either demand “qesas,” that is receiving “blood money,” exacting retribution, to slay the wronger, or extend forgiveness to the wronger!

⁴⁵ There is no English word for أحسن = absane! Both words perfecter and beautifuler are in their adjective sense!

⁴⁶ The word “ashudal” = “أشده” translated as [his “prime, full strength”] = reached the ideal age of physical and mental strengths!

⁴⁷ The word “أوفوا” from “الوفاء” = “التمام” meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a whole! So, “أوفوا” means you endeavor and gather the last part of an obligation and fulfill it!

⁴⁸ The covenant is to be questioned in censure to its breaker, just like the “she-neonate” gets to be questioned why was she killed (S81:8), as she was not at fault at all but her killer certainly is!

35. And let-fulfill ⁴⁹ you ^z the measure if you ^z measured and let-weigh you ^z by the <i>qesttas</i> (rendering absolute balance/post removal of injustice) the straight; <i>tha'leka</i> (be-that-afar-it/that) (<i>is</i>) <i>kebayron</i> (choicer/superior/-worthier) and <i>ahsa'no</i> ⁵⁰ (perfecter and beautifuler) <i>ta'awee'la</i> (ultimate becoming).	وَأَوْفُوا الْكَيْلَ إِذَا كِلْتُمْ وَزَنُوا بِالْقِسْطَاسِ الْمُسْتَقِيمِ ۚ ذَٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَحْسَنُ تَأْوِيلًا ﴿١٦﴾
36. And let-not <i>ta'gfo</i> ⁵¹ ([you ^s] judge by perspicacity and presumption) what (<i>is</i>) not for you ^g by it ^x knowledge; verily the hearing and the sight and the <i>foaa'da</i> (keen-preoccupation of the heart), all those, [he] [was] <i>a'n</i> (regarding) it ^x <i>masola</i> ⁵² (that which is to be questioned about).	وَلَا تَقْفُ مَا لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمٌ ۚ إِنَّ السَّمْعَ وَالْبَصَرَ وَالْفُؤَادَ كُلُّ أُولَٰئِكَ كَانَ عَنْهُ مَسْئُولًا ﴿١٧﴾
37. And let-not walk [you ^s] in the land ^w struttingly; verily you ^g never <i>takbrega</i> ⁵³ (you ^s perforate/horizontally cross to its end) the Earth ^w and never reach [you ^s] the mountains tallness ⁵⁴ .	وَلَا تَمْشِ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَرَحًا ۚ إِنَّكَ لَن تَخْرِقَ الْأَرْضَ وَلَن تَبْلُغَ الْجِبَالَ طُولًا ﴿١٨﴾
38. All <i>tha'leka</i> (be-that-afar-it/that) [was] its ^x ill/misdeed <i>enda</i> (by Rule of) your ^t Lord <i>makruhan</i> ⁵⁵ (that which is dislikable).	كُلُّ ذَٰلِكَ كَانَ سَيِّئُهُ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ مَكْرُوهًا ﴿١٩﴾
39. <i>Tha'leka</i> (be-that-afar-it/that) (<i>is</i>) of what revealed ⁵⁶ to you ^g your ^t Lord of the <i>hekma'tey</i> ⁵⁷ (wisdom) ^w ; and let-not make [you ^s] with Allah another <i>elaban</i> (a deity), then [you ^s] (be) cast in Hell ^w <i>malooman</i> (he who is dispraised) <i>mad'hooran</i> ⁵⁸ (he who is banished).	ذَٰلِكَ بِمَا أَوْحَىٰ إِلَيْكَ رَبُّكَ مِنَ الْحِكْمَةِ ۚ وَلَا تَجْعَلْ مَعَ اللَّهِ إِلَهًا ءَاخَرَ فَتُلْقَىٰ فِي جَهَنَّمَ مَلُومًا مَّدْحُورًا ﴿٢٠﴾
40. Has then <i>assfa</i> ⁵⁹ ([He] preferentially appropriated) you ^b your ⁿ Lord by the sons and <i>ittakbatha</i> ⁶⁰ (He took and made) of the angels females; verily you ^z surely say a great say ⁶¹ .	أَفَأَصْفَنكُمْ رَبُّكُم بِالْبَنِينَ وَاتَّخَذَ مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ إِنثًا ۚ إِنَّكُمْ لَتَقُولُونَ قَوْلًا عَظِيمًا ﴿٢١﴾
41. And <i>laqad</i> (verily, already and affirmatively) We variegated in this, The Qur'an ^x to <i>yadhdhakkaro</i> (repetitively-remind them) and not [<i>it</i> ^x] augments them except an aversion.	وَلَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَا فِي هَٰذَا الْقُرْآنِ لِيَذَكَّرُوا وَمَا يَزِيدُهُمْ إِلَّا تُفُورًا ﴿٢٢﴾
42. Let-say [you ^s]: if [was] with Him <i>aa'lebaton</i> ^w (deities), as what they ^z say, then surely (would have) <i>ebtagho</i> ⁶²	قُلْ لَوْ كَانَ مَعَهُ ءَالِهَةٌ كَمَا

⁴⁹ See footnote 46 above regarding *fulfill*!

⁵⁰ There is no English word for *أحسن* = *absane*! Both words *perfecter* and *beautifuler* are in their *adjective* sense!

⁵¹ The word "تَقْفُ" = *تحكم بالقيافة و الظن*, i.e. you judge by *perspicacity* and *presumption*! See *الراغب*!

⁵² That is Allah shall *question* all those *senses* and *the heart* regarding what each did, *if it was not supposed to do*!

⁵³ The word "تَخْرِقُ" in "تَخْرِقُ" has several meanings, among them: *perforated* it by making *deep* and *large* hole in it *to the other end*, or *cross it all along to its end*! See *الهادي* and *البصائر*! I can not find a *suitable* word in English for "تَخْرِقُ" among words such as: *bore*, *perforated*, *pierced*, and all such synonyms!

⁵⁴ That is never you reach in height or might of the mountains!

⁵⁵ The word "مَكْرُوهًا" is a *singular, masculine, objective noun* = "اسم مفعول" And "مَكْرُوهًا" is *not* an *adjective*, to say "dislikeable," so for such a word there is *no* English equivalent *per se*! See *إعراب القرآن*, لمحمود صافي!

⁵⁶ The word "أَوْحَى" denotes at least *six* diverse meanings, *all for communicating*: *gestured*, *wrote*, *messaged*, *inspired*, *whispered*, *one cast to another* (e.g.: a *commanded*); and "الْوَحْيُ" is *fire* or *king*! See *اللسان*!!

⁵⁷ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for "bekma!"

⁵⁸ The word "مَدْحُورًا" is a *singular, masculine, objective noun* for which there is *no* English equivalent *per se*!

⁵⁹ The word "أَصْفَى" in "أَصْفَاكُمْ" means: [He] *preferentially appropriated*, i.e. *favorably individualized*!

⁶⁰ The word "اتَّخَذَ" from "الِاتِّخَاذُ" which is "إِفْتِعَالٌ" for "الِاتِّخَاذُ", as stated in *لسان العرب*; therefore, "اتَّخَذَ" is *always* *taking and making and presuming some-thing* about what was taken! Thus, it is *not* just the mere *taking*!

⁶¹ That is with respect to sin, i.e. a *great sinful say*!

⁶² The word "إِبْتَغَى" = "تَطَلَبَ حَثِيثًا" meaning: *earnestly quested*!

(they ^z earnestly-quested) to The <i>Arshe</i> ⁶³ (Throne of Kingship) possessor a path ⁶⁴ .	يَقُولُونَ إِذَا لَا يَتَغَوَّأُ إِلَى ذِي الْعَرْشِ سَبِيلًا ﴿١٧﴾
43. <i>Subhana</i> ⁶⁵ (Allah is hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects, and solemnly all stand in awe and utmost consecration of) Him and <i>ta'aala</i> (ever elevated [He]) <i>amma</i> (regarding) whatthey ^z say <i>olowan</i> (elevation-/loftiness) <i>Ka'beeran</i> ^x (Big/ Vast).	سُبْحَنَهُ وَتَعَالَى عَمَّا يَقُولُونَ عُلُوًّا كَبِيرًا ﴿١٨﴾
44. <i>Tosabbeho</i> ⁶⁶ (say: "subhana Allah") for Him the Heavens ^w and the Earth ^w and who ^p (are) in them ^y and <i>en</i> (not) of a thing except <i>yousabbeho</i> (says: <i>subhan Allah</i>) [it ^x] ⁶⁷ by His praise, [and] but not understand you ^z their <i>tasabeeha</i> (their saying <i>subhana Allah</i>); verily He [was] Forbearer, <i>Ghafooran</i> (iterative Forgiver).	تَسْبِيحٌ لَهُ السَّمَوَاتِ السَّبْعِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَنْ فِيهِنَّ وَإِنْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ إِلَّا يُسَبِّحُ بِحَمْدِهِ وَلَكِنْ لَا تَفْقَهُونَ تَسْبِيحَهُمْ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا حَلِيمًا غَفُورًا ﴿١٩﴾
45. And if you ^s read (<i>read is in the past tense</i>) The Qur'an ^x We made between you ^s and [between] whom ^r (<i>did</i>) not believe they ^z by the Hereafter ^w a veil <i>mas-tooran</i> ⁶⁸ (<i>that which is hidden/ invisible</i>).	وَإِذَا قَرَأْتَ الْقُرْآنَ جَعَلْنَا بَيْنَكَ وَبَيْنَ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ حِجَابًا مَسْتُورًا ﴿٢٠﴾
46. And We made on their hearts coverts ^x that-not they ^z understand it ^x and in their ears <i>nagran</i> (bearing-heariness) and if you ^s mentioned your ^t Lord in The Qur'an ^x alone fled/diverged they ^z on their rears aversively.	وَجَعَلْنَا عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ أَكِنَّةً أَنْ يَفْقَهُوهُ وَفِي آذَانِهِمْ وَقْرًا وَإِذَا ذَكَرْتَ رَبَّكَ فِي الْقُرْآنِ وَحْدَهُ وَلَوُا عَلَى أَدْبُرِهِمْ نُفُورًا ﴿٢١﴾
47. We (are) knowinger by what <i>yasta'me'ona</i> (they ^z affirmably listen) by [it ^x], <i>edb</i> (when/ since) <i>yasta'me'ona</i> (they ^z affirmably listen) to you ^s <i>edb</i> (while) they (are) <i>najwa</i> (secretly-counseling each other), <i>edb</i> (say the <i>dha'lemoonah</i> ⁶⁹ (injustice-doers): <i>en</i> (not) <i>tatta'be'ona</i> (you ^z closely-follow) except a man <i>mas'hooran</i> ⁷⁰ (one who is bewitched).	نَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَسْتَمِعُونَ بِهِ إِذْ يَسْتَمِعُونَ إِلَيْكَ وَإِذْ هُمْ نَجْوَى إِذْ يَقُولُ الظَّالِمُونَ إِنْ تَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا رَجُلًا مَسْحُورًا ﴿٢٢﴾
48. Let-look [you ^s] how struck they ^z for you ^s the parable-/examples so strayed they ^z so they ^z cannot (find) a path.	أَنْظِرْ كَيْفَ ضَرَبُوا لَكَ الْأَمْثَالَ فَضَلُّوا فَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ سَبِيلًا ﴿٢٣﴾
49. And said they ^z : are if we were bones and <i>rufatan</i> ⁷¹ (decayed corpses/dust/debris) are truly we <i>mub'ao-thoona</i> ⁷² (ones to be resurrected) a new creation.	وَقَالُوا أَإِذَا كُنَّا عِظْمًا وَرُفَاتًا أَوْنَا لَمُبْعُوثُونَ خَلْقًا جَدِيدًا ﴿٢٤﴾
50. Let-say [you ^s]: let-be you ^z a stone ^w or an iron ^x .	قُلْ كُونُوا حِجَارَةً أَوْ حَدِيدًا ﴿٢٥﴾

⁶³ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for more elaboration on this wondrous word!

⁶⁴ That is a "path" to either "please" Him or "depose" Him and take *The Throne* for themselves!

⁶⁵ The word "*subhanabo*" = "*سبحانه*" has no English equivalent! The word is made up of two parts: "*subhana*" and the pronoun "*ho*" = "*Him*!" Wherever the word "*subhana*," or its associates/inflections (such as "*سبحان*" or "*سبحانك*") occur all are associated with the divine uniqueness of Allah, doing stupendous work that Allah and Allah alone can do, thus deserving the utmost solemn consecration for His divine uniqueness! So, we can render "*subhana*" = "*سبحان*" concept by saying: Allah is hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects, and solemnly all stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him!

⁶⁶ The word "*tosabbeho*" means saying "*subhana Allah*," see footnote 2843 above regarding *subhana*!

⁶⁷ The word "thing" in Arabic is a masculine, singular gender! Hence, the pronoun referring to it is a "be-it!"

⁶⁸ The word "*mastoora*" is objective, singular, masculine noun, with no English equivalent, meaning that which is hidden!

⁶⁹ The "*ظالمون*" = "the injustice-doers," as "*الظلم*" = "injustice!"

⁷⁰ The word "*مسحورا*" is an objective noun for which there is no English equivalent *per se*!

⁷¹ There is no English word *per se* to mean "*إرفات، أي فئات الميت بعد ان يتفتت ويتلاشى، الفئات*" So, the closest one word is "dust!"

⁷² The word "*مبعوثون*" is an objective noun for which there is no English equivalent *per se*!

51. Ora creation of what enlarges in yourⁿ chests; then they^z will say: who^a (*shall*) restore us; let-say [*you*^s]: Who *fattara* ([He] *innately-perfectly-originated*) you^z first [once^w] (*time*^w); then they^z will nod⁷³ to you^g their heads and say they^z: when (*is*) it^x; let-say [*you*^s]: *asa* (*craving a deed beyond one's means that, may*) that [*it*^x] be near.

أَوْ خَلَقًا مِّمَّا يَكْبُرُ فِي صُدُورِكُمْ
فَسَيَقُولُونَ مَنْ يَعِيدُنَا قُلِ
الَّذِي فطركم أول مرة فسَيَنْغَضُونَ
إِلَيْكَ رُءُوسَهُمْ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَى
هُوَ قُلْ عَسَى أَنْ يَكُونَ قَرِيبًا ﴿٥١﴾

⁷³ The word “يَنْغَضُونَ” rooted in “انْغَضَ” and not “نَغَضَ,” means they nod their heads scoffingly, not just the mere nodding; See الهادي!

52. Day [He] summons you ^b then <i>testajeebona</i> ⁷⁴ (you ^z <i>compliantly-answer</i>) by His praise and you ^z presume <i>en</i> (not) waited/tarried you ^c except a little (<i>short while</i>).	يَوْمَ يَدْعُوكُمْ فَتَسْتَجِيبُونَ بِحَمْدِهِ وَتَظُنُّونَ إِن لَّبِئْتُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿٥٢﴾
53. And let-say [you ^s] for My <i>eba'de</i> (<i>worshippers/submitters/slaves</i>) (to) say they ^z which ^u it ^w (<i>is</i>) <i>absa'no</i> ⁷⁵ (<i>perfecter and beautifuler</i>); verily the Satan incites among them; verily the Satan [was] for the mankind a foe ⁷⁶ manifest.	وَقُلْ لِعِبَادِي يَقُولُوا آلَهِ هُمْ أَحْسَنُ إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ يَنْزِعُ بَيْنَهُمْ إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ كَانَ لِلْإِنْسَانِ عَدُوًّا مُّبِينًا ﴿٥٣﴾
54. Your ⁿ Lord (<i>is</i>) knowinger by you ^b <i>en</i> (if) [He] wills <i>yarham</i> ([He] <i>mercy-gives</i>) you ^b or <i>en</i> [He] wills torments you ^b [He]; and not We sent you ^s over them a custodian.	رَبُّكُمْ أَعْلَمُ بِكُمْ إِن يَشَأْ يُرْحَمْكُمْ أَوْ إِن يَشَأْ يُعَذِّبْكُمْ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَكِيلًا ﴿٥٤﴾
55. And your ^t Lord (<i>is</i>) knowinger by whom ^p (<i>are</i>) in the Heavens ^w and the Earth ^w ; and <i>laqad</i> (<i>verily, already and affirmatively</i>) favored/preferred We some (of) [the] prophets over some and <i>aa'tayna</i> (<i>We accorded</i>) <i>Dawooda</i> (<i>David</i>) <i>Zabora</i> (<i>Psalms/proverbial wisdoms/no command-rules</i>).	وَرَبُّكَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَن فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَلَقَدْ فَضَّلْنَا بَعْضَ النَّبِيِّينَ عَلَى بَعْضٍ وَآتَيْنَا دَاوُدَ زُبُورًا ﴿٥٥﴾
56. Let-say [you ^s]: let-invoke you ^z whom ^r you ^c claimed of lesser than/without Him, then not possess they ^z the <i>dhurro's</i> (<i>persisting-distress's</i>) doffing <i>a'n</i> (<i>off</i>) you ^b and nor a transfer.	قُلْ ادْعُوا الَّذِينَ زَعَمْتُمْ مِن دُونِهِ فَلَا يَمْلِكُونَ كَشْفَ الضُّرِّ عَنْكُمْ وَلَا تَحْوِيلًا ﴿٥٦﴾
57. Those, who ^r invoke they ^z <i>yabtagbona</i> ⁷⁷ (<i>they^z earnestly-quest</i>) to their Lord the <i>waseelata</i> ⁷⁸ (<i>a unique rank in Paradise/intermediacy/mean of approach</i>) which (of) them nearer and <i>yarjona</i> (<i>they^z fear/hope for</i>) His mercy ^w and they ^z fear/know ⁷⁹ His torment; verily your ^t Lord's torment [was] <i>mahthoo-ran</i> ⁸⁰ (<i>one to be cautious about</i>).	أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ يَبْتَغُونَ إِلَى رَبِّهِمُ الْوَسِيلَةَ أَيُّهُمْ أَقْرَبُ وَيَرْجُونَ رَحْمَتَهُ وَيَخَافُونَ عَذَابَهُ إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّكَ كَانَ مَحْذُورًا ﴿٥٧﴾
58. And <i>en</i> (not) of a village ^w except We (<i>are</i>) <i>mubleko</i> (<i>perishing/causers to perish</i>) it ^w before The <i>Qeyamatey's</i> ^w (<i>Judgment's</i>) Day ^x or tormenting it ^w [We] a severe torment; [was] <i>tha'leka</i> (<i>he-that-afar-it/tha</i>) in the book <i>mustooran</i> ⁸¹ (<i>that which is inscribed</i>).	وَإِن مِّن قَرْيَةٍ إِلَّا نَحْنُ مُهْلِكُوهَا قَبْلَ يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ أَوْ مُعَذِّبُوهَا عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا كَانَ ذَٰلِكَ فِي الْكِتَابِ مَسْطُورًا ﴿٥٨﴾
59. And not prevented Us to send by the <i>Aya'te</i> ^w (<i>miracles/signs/proofs</i>) except that denied by it ^w the [firsts] (<i>ancients</i>); and <i>aa'tayna</i> (<i>We accorded</i>) <i>Thamooda</i> the she-camel <i>mubsseratan</i> ^w (<i>discernment-enabler</i>) ^w ; so <i>dhalamo</i> ⁸² (<i>they^z wronged</i>) by it ^w ; and not We send by the <i>Aya'te</i> ^w (<i>miracles/signs/proofs</i>) except frighteningly.	وَمَا مَنَعَنَا أَنْ نُرْسِلَ بِالْآيَاتِ إِلَّا أَنْ كَذَّبَ بِهَا الْأَوَّلُونَ وَآتَيْنَا ثَمُودَ النَّاقَةَ مُبْصِرَةً فَظَلَمُوا بِهَا وَمَا نُرْسِلُ بِالْآيَاتِ إِلَّا تَخْوِيفًا ﴿٥٩﴾

⁷⁴ The word “استجاب” in “تستجيبون” is *answered plus compliance* with what was requested, i.e. “*compliantly answered*!”

⁷⁵ There is no English word for أحسن = *absane*! Both words *perfecter* and *beautifuler* are in their *adjective* sense!

⁷⁶ The word “عدو” in Arabic is used for: (1) *singular* and (2) *plural* as well as (3) “*multitudinous foe*,” see الهادي واللسان!

⁷⁷ The word “ابتغى” = “طلب حثيثا” meaning: *earnestly quested*!

⁷⁸ The “*waseelati*” = “الوسيلة” means any of the various ways of obeying Allah and observing all His prohibitions in order to meet His pleasure. Also, the “*waseela*” is a *unique rank of an abode in Paradise*, according to the true Hadeeth, also = *intermediary*!

⁷⁹ Linguistically the word “خاف” carries *dual* meanings: (1) *fear* and (2) *know*! Both meanings could apply!

⁸⁰ The word “محذورا” is an *objective noun* for which there is no English equivalent *per se*!

⁸¹ The word “مسطورا” is an *objective noun* for which there is no English equivalent *per se*!

⁸² See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “ظالم” = “فَاعِل الظلم” = “*injustice-doer*” and “ظلم” = “*wronged*!”

60. And <i>edh</i> (when/since) We said for you ^g : verily your ^t Lord encompassed by the mankind; and not We made the vision ^w which ^u We visioned you ^g except an essay ^w for the mankind; and the tree ^w [the] <i>mal'ona'ta</i> (that which ^u is cursed) in The Qur'an, and [We] frighten them; so not augment them (that) except big excessiveness.	وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لَكَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ أَحَاطَ بِالنَّاسِ وَمَا جَعَلْنَا الرُّءْيَا الَّتِي أَرَيْنَاكَ إِلَّا فِتْنَةً لِلنَّاسِ وَالشَّجَرَةَ الْمَلْعُونَةَ فِي الْقُرْآنِ وَنُحَوِّفُهُمْ فَمَا يَزِيدُهُمْ إِلَّا طُغْيَانًا كَبِيرًا ﴿٦٠﴾
61. And <i>edh</i> (when/since) We said for the angels: let-kowtow you ^z for Adam; so they ^z kowtowed except Iblis, [he] said: do [I] kowtow for whom ^p created You ^g muddily/(of) mud.	وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ اسْجُدُوا لِآدَمَ فَسَجَدُوا إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ قَالَ أَسْجُدْ لِمَنْ خَلَقْتَ طِينًا ﴿٦١﴾
62. Said [he]: have seen You ^g this whom ^x , <i>karramata</i> ⁸³ (You ^g have bestowed on him generosity and nobleness) over me, <i>la'en</i> (indeed if) reprieved me You ^g to The <i>Qeyamatey's</i> ^w (Judgment's) Day ^x verily <i>abta'nekanna</i> ⁸⁴ ([I] surely assuredly rein/reign) his progeny ^w except a few.	قَالَ أَرَأَيْتَكَ هَذَا الَّذِي كَرَّمْتَ عَلَيَّ لَنْ أُخْرَتَنِي إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ لَأُحْتَنِكَ ذُرِّيَّتَهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿٦٢﴾
63. Said [He]: let-go [you ^s]; then whoever [he] followed you ^g of them, then truly Hell ^w (is) your ⁿ requital, a requital <i>manforan</i> ⁸⁵ (amply supplied).	قَالَ أَذْهَبَ فَمَنْ تَبِعَكَ مِنْهُمْ فَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ جَزَاءُكُمْ جَزَاءً مَوْفُورًا ﴿٦٣﴾
64. And <i>istafze</i> ^x (let-affirmably provoke [you ^s]) whom ^p you ^g could of them by your ⁿ voice; and <i>ajleb</i> ⁸⁶ (let-vociferously fetch by/rally-and-assault [you ^f]) on them by your ⁿ horses ^w and <i>ra'jeleka</i> (rider or foot soldiers) and let-share them [you ^s] in the possessions and the children and let-promise them [you ^s]; and not promises them the Satan except a beguilement.	وَأَسْتَفْزِزْ مَنْ اسْتَطَاعَتْ مِنْهُمْ بَصُوتَكَ وَأَجْلِبْ عَلَيْهِم بِخَيْلِكَ وَرَجْلِكَ وَشَارِكْهُمْ فِي الْأَمْوَالِ وَالْأَوْلَادِ وَعِدَّهُمْ وَمَا يَعِدُهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ إِلَّا غُرُورًا ﴿٦٤﴾
65. Verily My <i>eba'de</i> (worshippers/submitters/slaves) not for you ^g on them an authority; and sufficed by your ⁿ Lord Custodian.	إِنَّ عِبَادِي لَيْسَ لَكَ عَلَيْهِمْ سُلْطَانٌ وَكَفَى بِرَبِّكَ وَكِيلًا ﴿٦٥﴾
66. Your ⁿ Lord, Who <i>youz'jei</i> ([He] gently-drives) for you ^b the <i>folka</i> ^x (ship/ships) ^{x87} in the sea to <i>tabtagho</i> ⁸⁸ (you ^z earnestly-quest) from His munificence; verily He [was] by you ^b <i>Raheeman</i> (iteratively mercy Giver).	رَبِّكُمْ الَّذِي يُزْجِي لَكُمْ الْفَلَكَ فِي الْبَحْرِ لِيَتَّبِعُوا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ إِنَّهُ كَانَ بَكُمْ رَحِيمًا ﴿٦٦﴾
67. And if touched/betided you ^b the <i>dhurro</i> (persisting distress) in the sea, strayed whom ^p you ^z invoke except <i>eyyabo</i> ⁸⁹ (indeed exclusively Him); then <i>lamma</i> (when/whence) <i>najjakum</i> (repetitively-delivered you ^b [He]) to the desert ⁹⁰ (land) shunned you ^c ; and [was] the mankind <i>kafooran</i> ⁹¹ (iteratively ingrate).	وَإِذَا مَسَّكُمُ الضُّرُّ فِي الْبَحْرِ ضَلَّ مَنْ تَدْعُونَ إِلَّا إِلَاهُ فَلَمَّا نَجَّكُمْ إِلَى الْبَرِّ أَعْرَضْتُمْ وَكَانَ الْإِنْسَانُ كَفُورًا ﴿٦٧﴾

⁸³ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation or footnote 27 to the Introduction for this important word.

⁸⁴ The "ل" in "لأحتتنك" is a *juratory* "ل" = "القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد", i.e. affirmation, expressed by "assuredly"!

⁸⁵ The word "موفورا" is an *objective noun* for which there is no English equivalent *per se*!

⁸⁶ The Arabic word "أجلب" imparts the sense of *vociferous fetching by rally and assault*! There is no English equivalent *per se*, hence we transliterate and parenthetically explain!

⁸⁷ The Arabic word "فلك" could mean *ship* or *ships*.

⁸⁸ The word "ابتغى" = "طلب حثيثا" meaning: *earnestly quested*.

⁸⁹ The word "إياه" = "إداة تأكيد لضمير منصوب" = an article of *intensity* for an *objective pronoun*!

⁹⁰ The word "البر" = "القفار، أي الخلاء من الأرض" literally means "desert," i.e. furthest from *any body of water*! Also, "البر" figuratively speaking could stand for "land!" See *اللسان*.

⁹¹ The word "كفور" is *masculine noun*, denying Allah's multiple favors, i.e. he is a multitudinous ingrate!

68. Have then secured you ^c (your selves) that [He] implodes by you ^b a side of the desert ⁹² (land) or [He] sends on you ^b <i>ha'sseban</i> (stone-storm); afterwards not find you ^z for you ^b a custodian.	أَفَأَمِنْتُمْ أَنْ تَخْسِفَ بِكُمْ جَانِبَ الْبَرِّ أَوْ يُرْسِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ حَاصِبًا ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُوا لَكُمْ وَكِيلًا ﴿٥٨﴾
69. Or have you ^c secured to [He] returns you ^b in it ^x <i>taratan</i> ^w (once/phase/period) ^{w93} then sends [He] on you ^b <i>qassefan</i> (shatterer) of the wind ^w then drowns you ^b [He] by what disbelieved you ^b afterwards not find you ^z for you ^b on Us by it ^x a <i>ta'bean</i> ⁹⁴ (follower-succorers).	أَمْ أَمِنْتُمْ أَنْ يُعِيدَكُمْ فِيهِ تَارَةً أُخْرَىٰ فَيُرْسِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ قَاصِفًا مِّنَ الرَّيْحِ فَيُغْرِقَكُمْ بِمَا كَفَرْتُمْ ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُوا لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا بِهِ تَبِيعًا ﴿٥٩﴾
70. And <i>laqad</i> (verily, already and affirmatively) <i>karramna</i> ⁹⁵ (We bestowed generosity and ennobled) Adam's sons and We carried them in the desert ⁹⁶ (land) and the sea and <i>razaqna</i> (We provided) them of the goodies ⁹⁷ and We favored/preferred them over many of whom ^p We created <i>tafdheelan</i> ⁹⁸ (absolute favor/preferment).	وَلَقَدْ كَرَّمْنَا بَنِي آدَمَ وَحَمَلْنَاهُمْ فِي الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ وَرَزَقْنَاهُمْ مِّنَ الطَّيِّبَاتِ وَفَضَّلْنَاهُمْ عَلَىٰ كَثِيرٍ مِّمَّنْ خَلَقْنَا تَفْضِيلًا ﴿٦٠﴾
71. Day [We] summon each people by their principal; so whomever <i>oteya</i> ([he] had been accorded) his book by his <i>yameene</i> ^w (right-hand) ^w then those they ^z read their book and not <i>yodb'lamoona</i> ⁹⁹ (to be wronged they ^z) (by) a <i>fa'tila</i> ¹⁰⁰ (the entwined skin slough/thin thread in the slit of a date-stone).	يَوْمَ نَدْعُوا كُلَّ أُنَاسٍ بِإِمْعَانِهِ فَمَنْ أُوتِيَ كِتَابَهُ بِيَمِينِهِ فَأُولَٰئِكَ يَقْرَءُونَ كِتَابَهُمْ وَلَا يُظْلَمُونَ فَتِيلًا ﴿٦١﴾
72. And whoever [he] was in this ^{w101} blind, verily he (would be) in the Hereafter ^w blind and <i>adhallo</i> ¹⁰² (more astray) a path.	وَمَنْ كَانَتْ فِي هَذِهِ أَعْمَىٰ فَهُوَ فِي الْآخِرَةِ أَعْمَىٰ وَأَضَلُّ سَبِيلًا ﴿٦٢﴾
73. And <i>en</i> (albeit) <i>kado</i> (they ^z nighed/verged/almost) surely they ^z essay you ^g <i>a'n</i> (off) what We revealed ¹⁰³ to you ^g to <i>taftarey</i> ([you ^s] craft a lie for fraudulent end) on Us other than it ^x and then surely <i>ittakbathoka</i> ¹⁰⁴ (they took and made you ^g) <i>akhaleelan</i> ¹⁰⁵ (ultimate faithful friend).	وَإِنْ كَادُوا لَيَفْتِنُونَكَ عَنِ الَّذِي أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ لِتَفْتَرِيَ عَلَيْنَا غَيْرَهُ وَإِذَا لَا تَأْخُذُوكَ خَلِيلًا ﴿٦٣﴾

⁹² See footnote 87 above regarding *desert*.

⁹³ The word “تَارَةً” = “المرّة والحين” means “once,” “a time period!”

⁹⁴ The word “تَبِيعًا” has many meanings, among them: *follower-succorer*, as in this *Ayah*! See *الهادي واللسان*!

⁹⁵ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for this insightful word, *kareem*, or footnote #28 in the Preface.

⁹⁶ See footnote 287 above regarding *desert*.

⁹⁷ The word “طَيِّبَات” = “goodies” = “goodies” = a feminine gender means any thing delectable and legitimate!

⁹⁸ The “تَفْضِيلًا” is infinitive noun! So, here the word “absolute” is to intensify “favor!” I believe that the “التفضيل” is by way of “favor” in the sense of “prefer” or *preferment*.

⁹⁹ The word “wrongs” has myriads of meanings, among them: *curtails* or *diminishes*, as in this *Ayah*.

¹⁰⁰ The word “fatila” = “فتيلا” means the skin-slough/the thread in the cleft of a date-stone, i.e. example of *paucity* for closeness to nothingness.

¹⁰¹ The word “دُنْيَا” = “world” is a feminine noun, hence the reference to it as “this^w]!”

¹⁰² The word “أَضَلُّ” = “adhallo” is a superlative adjective for “strayer” for which there is no English equivalent!

¹⁰³ See footnote 10 above regarding *reveal*!

¹⁰⁴ The word “إِتَّخَذَ” from “إِتَّخَذَ” which is “إِفْتَعَال” for “الْإِتَّخَاذُ,” as stated in *لسان العرب*; therefore, “إِتَّخَذَ” is always taking and making/ presuming some thing of what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

¹⁰⁵ The word “خَلِيلًا” is “ultimate-faithful-friend,” i.e. friend without any “خلل” = defect! English as well as Arabic-English dictionaries almost all do not have an entry for “خَلَّةُ” They come closest to it in the opinion of the authors of such a few dictionaries by saying “intimate-friendship” or *friendship without defect*! Clearly *intimate*, although gives the sense of “closeness and sincerity” it also carries with it the unacceptable open expression of “sexual relation,” hence making such entry as *useless and invalid* in terms of “خَلَّةُ” as stated in *The Qur'an The Supreme*. That is why I chose to express “خَلَّةُ” as “ultimate-faithful-friendship” and “khaleel” as “ultimate faithful friend!”

74. And <i>lawla</i> (had it not been for) that We firmed you ^g <i>laqad</i> (verily, already and affirmatively) <i>kedta</i> (you ^g <i>nigbed/verged/almost</i>) <i>tarkano</i> ¹⁰⁶ (incline/trust and have selfsatisfaction) to them a [thing] a little.	وَلَوْلَا أَنْ ثَبَّتْنَاكَ لَقَدْ كِدْتَ تَرْكُنُ إِلَيْهِمْ شَيْئًا قَلِيلًا ﴿٧٤﴾
75. So surely We (would have caused) you ^g taste, double (of) the life ^w and double (of) the dying ¹⁰⁷ ; afterwards not [you ^s] find for you ^g on Us a <i>na'sseeran</i> (iterative succorer).	إِذَا لَأَذْقَنَّكَ ضِعْفَ الْحَيَاةِ وَضِعْفَ الْمَمَاتِ ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُ لَكَ عَلَيْنَا نَصِيرًا ﴿٧٥﴾
76. And <i>en</i> (albeit) <i>kado</i> (they ^z <i>nigbed/verged/almost</i>) surely <i>yestafazxonaka</i> (they ^z <i>affirmably provoke you^s</i>) from the land ^w to egress you ^g they ^z from it ^w and thus not wait they ^z after you ^g except a little.	وَأَنْ كَادُوا لَيَسْتَفِزُّوكَ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ لِيُخْرِجُوكَ مِنْهَا وَإِذَا لَا يَلْبَثُونَ خَلْفَكَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿٧٦﴾
77. Dispensation ^w (of) whom ^p <i>qad</i> (already and affirmatively) We sent before you ^g of Our messengers, and not find you ^g for Our dispensation ^w a transfer.	سُنَّةٍ مِنْ قَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا قَبْلَكَ مِنْ رُسُلِنَا وَلَا تَجِدُ لِسُنَّتِنَا تَحْوِيلًا ﴿٧٧﴾
78. <i>A'qem</i> ¹⁰⁸ (Let-[you ^s] up/ sustain the prescribed obligations of) the Prayer ^w for ¹⁰⁹ (after) the sun's ^w <i>dolooke</i> ¹¹⁰ (from its meridian's incline) to the night's darkness ¹¹¹ ; and the <i>fajir's</i> (early dawn) Qur'an, verily <i>fajir's</i> (early dawn) Qur'an [was] <i>mash'boodan</i> (one that is witnessed).	أَقِمِ الصَّلَاةَ لِذُلُوكِ الشَّمْسِ إِلَى غَسَقِ اللَّيْلِ وَقُرْآنَ الْفَجْرِ إِنَّ قُرْآنَ الْفَجْرِ كَانَ مَشْهُودًا ﴿٧٨﴾
79. And of the night then <i>tahajjad</i> (let-up [you ^s] to pray by the night after some sleep) by it ^x an extra ^w (Prayer) ¹¹² for you ^g <i>asa</i> (craving a deed beyond one's means that/ may) that resurrects ¹¹³ you ^g your ⁿ Lord (in) a status <i>mahmoodan</i> (one which is praised).	وَمِنَ اللَّيْلِ فَتَهَجَّدْ بِهِ نَافِلَةً لَكَ عَسَى أَنْ يَبْعَثَكَ رَبُّكَ مَقَامًا مَحْمُودًا ﴿٧٩﴾
80. And let-say [you ^s]: my Lord, let-admit me [You ^s] a truth's admittance and let-exit me [You ^s] a truth's exit and let-make [You ^s] for me from <i>ladon</i> ¹¹⁴ (directly and possessively from) You ^g an authority, (to be my) <i>na'sseeran</i> (multitudinous-succorer).	وَقُلْ رَبِّ أَدْخِلْنِي مُدْخَلَ صِدْقٍ وَأَخْرِجْنِي مَخْرَجَ صِدْقٍ وَاجْعَلْ لِي مِنْ لَدُنْكَ سُلْطَانًا نَصِيرًا ﴿٨٠﴾
81. And let-say [you ^s]: came the right ^x and <i>zahaqa</i> (ennuied and vanished) the falsehood ^x verily the falsehood ^x [was] <i>zahooqan</i> (readily ennuied vanisher).	وَقُلْ جَاءَ الْحَقُّ وَزَهَقَ الْبَاطِلُ إِنَّ الْبَاطِلَ كَانَ زَهُوقًا ﴿٨١﴾
82. And <i>nonazzelu</i> ([We] repetitively descend) of The	وَنُنَزِّلُ مِنَ الْقُرْآنِ مَا هُوَ شِفَاءٌ

¹⁰⁶ The word “*ركن*” in “*تركن*” *simultaneously* imparts many ideas, *inclined*, *trusted*, and *be satisfied towards some one*, and hence relied on such a one!

¹⁰⁷ That is *had you done that inclining* We *would have punished* you *doubly* in this *life* and the *Hereafter*! See القرطبي!

¹⁰⁸ That is you^s up/sustain/maintain all the rituals necessary!

¹⁰⁹ The word “*after*” is used here as one (the 13th) of the *twenty-two* meanings for “*ال*” See *إمغني اللبيب*

¹¹⁰ The word “*دلوك*” translated here as “*incline*” However, Qur'an commentators seem to *differ* as to the *exact* meaning of the word! Some say: it is from the “*زوال*” = *after the sun inclines from the center of the sky*, (that is the *zenith* crossing the meridian)! Said this Omar, and his son, and Ibn Abbas, and Abu Hurayrah! Others say, it is the *sunset*= “*الغروب*” Said this: Ali Ibn Abey Talib, Ibn Mas'ood, and Obeyy Ibn Ka'ab! *Linguistically* I believe the former is *more supportable*. Hence I chose the “*incline of the sun*” as stated above! For the various sayings see القرطبي!

¹¹¹ This time span includes *Dhuhor*, *Asr*, *Maghreb*, and possibly *Isha* Prayers!

¹¹² The word “*نافلة*” has many meanings among them in this context is: an extra prayer by The Messenger (SAWS) in order to be for him an additional virtue, merit, or excellence!

¹¹³ See footnote 10 above regarding *ابعث*

¹¹⁴ The word “*لدى*” is *closer* than “*عند*” as you can say: “*عندي مال و المال ليس بقبضتك الآن*” so “*لدى*” which *closer* spatially and *more specific*! So, “*directly and possessively from*” (You) seems to indicate such *closeness*! See *اللسان*!

Qur'an what it^x (is) a cure and a mercy^w for the believers and not [it^x] augments the <i>dha'lemeena</i>¹¹⁵ (injustice-doers) except a loss.	وَرَحْمَةً لِّلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَلَا يَزِيدُ الظَّالِمِينَ إِلَّا خَسَارًا ﴿١٧﴾
83. And if an'amna¹¹⁶ (We graced bounteously and ennoblingly the most desirable and delighting boons) on the mankind, [he] shunned and [he] withdrew¹¹⁷ by his side; and when touched/betided him the evil [he] [[was] <i>ya'osan</i>¹¹⁸ (iteratively desperate).	وَإِذَا أَنْعَمْنَا عَلَى الْإِنْسَنِ أَعْرَضَ وَنَأَىٰ بِجَانِبِهِ وَإِذَا مَسَّهُ الشَّرُّ كَانَ يَفُوسًا ﴿١٨﴾
84. Let-say [you^s]: each works on his manner^w so yourⁿ Lord (is) knowinger by whom^p [he] (is) <i>abda</i> (of better/- more aright-guidance) a path.	قُلْ كُلٌّ يَعْمَلُ عَلَىٰ شَاكِلَتِهِ فَرَبُّكُمْ أَعْلَمُ بِمَنْ هُوَ أَهْدَىٰ سَبِيلًا ﴿١٩﴾
85. And they^z ask you^g a'n (regarding) <i>Ar-Roo'be</i>^{w119} (the soul)^w; let-say [you^s]: <i>Ar-Roobo</i>^w (= <i>Ar-Roo'be</i>^w) (is) of my Lord's command, and not <i>oteytum</i> (had been accorded you^t) of the knowledge except a little.	وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الرُّوحِ قُلِ الرُّوحُ مِنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّي وَمَا أُوتِيتُمْ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿٢٠﴾
86. And <i>la'en</i> (indeed if) [We] wanted surely [We] assuredly¹²⁰ go/undo by what We revealed¹²¹ to you^g afterwards not [you^s] find for you^g by it^x on Us a custodian.	وَلَئِنْ شِئْنَا لَنَذْهَبَنَّ بِالَّذِي أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُ لَكَ بِهِ عَلِيْنَا وَكَيْلًا ﴿٢١﴾
87. Except a mercy^w from your^t Lord; verily His munificence [was] on you^g big.	إِلَّا رَحْمَةً مِن رَّبِّكَ إِنَّ فَضْلَهُ كَانَ عَلَيْكَ كَبِيرًا ﴿٢٢﴾
88. Let-say [you^s]: <i>la'en</i> (indeed if) gathered the human-kind and the Jinn to <i>ya'ato</i> (they^z produce/bring about) by like this [The] Qur'an^x, not <i>ya'atona</i> (= <i>ya'ato</i>) by its^x like, even (if) [was/were] some for some (openly) backer/supporter.	قُلْ لِّئِنِ اجْتَمَعَتِ الْإِنْسُ وَالْجِنُّ عَلَىٰ أَن يَأْتُوا بِمِثْلِ هَٰذَا الْقُرْآنِ لَا يَأْتُونَ بِمِثْلِهِ وَلَوْ كَانَ بَعْضُهُمْ لِبَعْضٍ ظَهِيرًا ﴿٢٣﴾
89. And <i>laqad</i> (verily, already and affirmatively) We variegated for the mankind in this Qur'an of every example; so <i>aba</i>¹²² (categorically refused) [they] most (of) the mankind except <i>kofooran</i>¹²³ (to have disbelief/ingratitude).	وَلَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَا لِلنَّاسِ فِي هَٰذَا الْقُرْآنِ مِن كُلِّ مَثَلٍ فَأَبَىٰ أَكْثَرُ النَّاسِ إِلَّا كُفُورًا ﴿٢٤﴾
90. And said they^z: never believe [we] for you^g until	وَقَالُوا لَن نُّؤْمِرَ لَكَ حَتَّىٰ

¹¹⁵ The "ظالمين" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice!" See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation!

¹¹⁶ The word "أنعم" in "أنعمت" denotes five distinct ideas: (1) said: yes, (2) perfected the deed (being done), (3) did the most desirable and delighting deed, (4) was bounteous in giving, and (5) granted! There is no English word to express all the various ideas denoted by "أنعم!" So, I think the best approximation is to say: granted perfectly and bounteously what is most desirable and delighting!

¹¹⁷ The word "نأى" may mean turned away rather far!

¹¹⁸ The word "desperate" here is used in the noun senses, as in Webster's Dictionary!

¹¹⁹ It is stated in "اللسان" for the word "ar-Roo'h" and "ar-Raw'h" two distinct meanings: (1) mercy and (2) Isa, son of Mary (Jesus)! However, "ar-Roo'h" (the Rooh) there are at least ten distinct meanings: (1) mercy, (2) soul, (3) the Qur'an, (4) the revelation (Qur'an or any other message), (5) the Command, (6) the individual entity, (7) the rejoicing (8) creatures who are special angels, who are "guardians" over the angels who are the guardians over the humans, and (9) the fresh breeze, and (10) rest!

¹²⁰ The "ل" in "لننذهب" is a juratory-"ل" = "القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد," i.e. affirmation, expressed by "assuredly"

¹²¹ See footnote 2875 above regarding revealed!

¹²² The word *aba* = "أبى" means categorically (absolutely, without exception) refused, i.e. not just simply refused!

¹²³ The word "كفور" is masculine noun, denoting two meanings: (1) disbelief in religion; (2) ingratitude towards Allah's favors! Thus, this translation: "disbelief/ingratitude!"

[you ^s] burst for us from the Earth ^w a spring.	تَفْجُرْ لَنَا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ يَنْبُوعًا ﴿١٠﴾
91. Or (to) be for you ^g a garden ^w of date-palms ^w and grapes ¹²⁴ then [you ^s] burst the rivers through ¹²⁵ it ^w tafjeeran ¹²⁶ (intense burst).	أَوْ تَكُونَ لَكَ جَنَّةٌ مِّنْ خَيْلٍ وَعِنَبٍ ﴿١١﴾ تَتَفَجَّرُ الْأَنْهَارُ خِلَالَهَا تَفْجِيرًا ﴿١٢﴾
92. Or [you ^s] (cause to) fall the sky ^w like you ^g claimed on us fragments or ta'atee ^x ([you ^s] produce/cause to descend for) ^x us by Allah and the angels qabeelan (overtly/visibly-/for our face-to-face viewing).	أَوْ تَسْقُطَ السَّمَاءُ كَمَا زَعَمْتَ عَلَيْنَا كِسْفًا أَوْ تَأْتِيَ بَالِلًا ﴿١٣﴾ وَالْمَلٰٓئِكَةُ قَبِيْلًا ﴿١٤﴾
93. Or be for you ^g a house of zukhofen (gilded-look) or [you ^s] raise/ascend in the sky ^w ; and never believe [we] for your ^t raising/ascending until tonazzeela (repetitively descend) [you ^s] on us a book we read [it ^x]; let-say [you ^s]: subhana ¹²⁷ (hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects and that everything solemnly stands in awe and utmost consecration of) my Lord; am I except a human messenger.	أَوْ يَكُونَ لَكَ بَيْتٌ مِّنْ زُخْرَفٍ أَوْ تَرْقَىٰ فِي السَّمَاءِ وَلَنْ نُؤْمِنَ لِرُقِيِّكَ حَتَّىٰ تُنْزَلَ عَلَيْنَا كِتَابًا نَّقْرُؤُهُ ۚ قُلْ سُبْحَانَ رَبِّيْ هَلْ كُنْتُ إِلَّا بَشَرًا رَسُولًا ﴿١٥﴾
94. And what prevented the mankind to believe they ^z edh (when/since) came (to) them the aright-guidance except that said they ^z : had Allah missioned ¹²⁸ a human a messenger.	وَمَا مَنَعَ النَّاسَ أَنْ يُؤْمِنُوا إِذْ جَاءَهُمُ الْهُدَىٰ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا أَبَعَثَ اللَّهُ بَشَرًا رَسُولًا ﴿١٦﴾
95. Let-say [you ^s]: if [was] in the Earth ^w angels walking tranquilly, surely (would have) nazzalna (We repetitively descended) on them from the Heaven ^w an angel messenger.	قُلْ لَوْ كَانَتْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَلٰٓئِكَةٌ يَمْشُونَ مُطْمَئِنِّينَ لَنَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْهِم مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ مَلَكًا رَسُولًا ﴿١٧﴾
96. Let-say [you ^s]: sufficed by Allah Sha'heedan (Witnesser-/Testifier) between me and [between] you ^b ; verily He [was] by His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves) Proficient Basseeran (keen: Seer/comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences).	قُلْ كَفَىٰ بِاللَّهِ شَهِيدًا بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ ۚ إِنَّهُ كَانَ بِعِبَادِهِ خَبِيرًا بَصِيرًا ﴿١٨﴾
97. And whomever Allah aright-guides, so he (is) the muhtadey ¹²⁹ (he who found and accepted the aright-guidance) and whomever [He] misleads so never (shall) [you ^s] find for them am'leyaa ¹³⁰ (guardians/allies) of lesser than/without Him; and We throng them, The Qeyamatey's ^w (Judgment's) Day ^x on their faces (prone)	وَمَنْ يَهْدِ اللَّهُ فَهُوَ الْمُهْتَدِ ۖ وَمَنْ يُضِلِلْ فَلَنْ تَجِدَ لَهُم أَوْلِيَاءَ مِن دُونِهِ ۚ وَنَحْشُرُهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيٰمَةِ

¹²⁴ Invariably throughout The Qur'an when the reference is made to the "النخل و الأعناب" the mention of the date-palm is openly stated but with respect to the grapevine, known in Arabic as "الكرم", never ever the mention of the "grapevine per se but the reference is made only to the fruit itself, i.e. the grapes!" In this respect, there is a true Hadeeth in al-Bukharey and Muslim, which directs the believers not to refer to "العنب" as "الكرم", because surely the "الكرم" is the Muslim! And in another narration: verily only that "الكرم" is the heart of the believer! See نزهة المتقين؛ شرح رياض الصالحين Refer to the attached list of References.

¹²⁵ The word "خلال" could also mean "between" or "among!" See اللسان!

¹²⁶ Here "intense" is used to intensify "burst off!"

¹²⁷ The word "subhana" = "سبحان" has no English equivalent! Wherever this word, or its grammatical inflections (such as "سبحانك" or "سبحانه") occur all are associated with the divine uniqueness of Allah, doing stupendous work that Allah and Allah alone can do, thus Allah is hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects, and that everything solemnly stands in awe and utmost consecration of His divine and stupendous uniqueness! So, we can render "subhana" = "سبحان" concept by saying: hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects, and that all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him!

¹²⁸ The word "بعث" in "ابعث" carries several meanings, among them: sent, missioned, resurrected, awoken, and prompted!

¹²⁹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "muhtadee" and its plural "muhtadoon" / "muhtadeen!"

¹³⁰ The word "أولياء" could also mean, among them: protector, friend.

omyon (blind people), [and] bokmon (born dumb-mute people), and ssommon (deaf people)¹³¹; their abode-/lodging (is) Hell^w; every-when <i>kehabat</i> ([it^w] faded-/abated) We augmented them a <i>Sa'era^w</i> (intensely kindling Fire)^w.	عَلَىٰ وُجُوهِهِمْ عَمِيًّا وَبُكْمًا وَصُمًّا مَاؤُنْهَمُ جَهَنَّمَ كُلَّمَا خَبَّتْ زَنْدَتُهُمْ سَعِيرًا ﴿٣٧﴾
98. <i>Tha'lekaa</i> (he-that-afar-it/that) (is) their requital; because verily they, disbelieved they^z by Our <i>Aya'te^w</i> (signs/proofs) and said they^z: are <i>edba</i> (when/if) we were bones and <i>rufatan</i> (decayed corpses/dust/debris), are surely we (are) <i>maboothoona</i> (they who are being resurrected) a new creation.	ذَٰلِكَ جَزَاؤُهُمْ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَفَرُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَقَالُوا أَإِذَا كُنَّا عِظْمًا وَرُفَاتًا أَإِنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ خَلْقًا جَدِيدًا ﴿٣٨﴾
99. Have [and]¹³² not they^z seen that Allah, Who [He] created the Heavens^w and the Earth^w (is) <i>Qadiron¹³³</i> (He-Who is capable of: giving/ doing/ enforcing/ or influencing) on (yet-still)¹³⁴ [He] creating like them and [He] made for them <i>ajalan^{x135}</i> (term-limit)^x no suspicion in it^x; so <i>aba¹³⁶</i> (categorically refused) the <i>dba'lemoona¹³⁷</i> (injustice-doers) except <i>kofooran¹³⁸</i> (ingratitude/ disbelief).	أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنَّ اللَّهَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ قَادِرٌ عَلَىٰ أَنْ يَخْلُقَ مِثْلَهُمْ وَجَعَلَ لَهُمْ أَجَلًا لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ فَإِنَّ الظَّالِمِينَ إِلَّا كُفُورًا ﴿٣٩﴾
100. Let-say [you^s]: if¹³⁹ you^f (were) possessing treasures (of) my Lord's mercy^w then surely you^c (would have) withheld (for) <i>kehashyata</i> (reverent-fear)^w (of) the expenditure, and [was] the mankind <i>qatooran</i> (iteratively stinter).	قُلْ لَّوْأَنَّهُمْ تَمْلِكُونَ خَزَائِنَ رَحْمَةِ رَبِّي إِذَا لَا مَسْكَتُمْ خَشْيَةَ الْإِنْفَاقِ وَكَانَ الْإِنْسَانُ قَتُورًا ﴿٤٠﴾
101. And <i>laqad</i> (verily, already and affirmatively) <i>aa'tayna</i> (We accorded) <i>Mosa</i> (Moses) nine evident^w <i>Aya'ten^w</i> (miracles-/ signs/ proofs), so let-ask [you^s] Israel's sons <i>edh</i> (when-/ since) [he] came (to) them then said for him Pharaoh: verily I presume you^g O <i>Mosa</i> (Moses) <i>mas'hooran</i> (he who is bewitched).	وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا مُوسَىٰ تِسْعَ آيَاتٍ بَيِّنَاتٍ فَنَسَىٰ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ إِذْ جَاءَهُمْ فَقَالَ لَهُ فِرْعَوْنُ إِنِّي لَأَظُنُّكَ يَمُوسَىٰ مَسْحُورًا ﴿٤١﴾
102. Said [he]: <i>laqad</i> (verily, already and affirmatively) knew you^g not descended these except the Heavens'^w and the Earth's^w Lord, evidences-persuaders^w and verily I presume you^g O Pharaoh <i>mathboran</i> (he who is ravaged).	قَالَ لَقَدْ عَلِمْتَ مَا أَنزَلَ هَٰؤُلَاءِ إِلَّا رَبُّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ بِصَآئِرٍ وَإِنِّي لَأَظُنُّكَ يَفِرْعَوْنُ مَثْبُورًا ﴿٤٢﴾

¹³¹ The words “عمي، بكم، صم” all are plural nouns while their closest English corresponding equivalents all are adjectives and so no plural for any except to associate the respective word with a plural noun people! Hence, the above transliteration!

¹³² The Arabic interrogative-castigatory particle “أولم” (implying negation) is made up of three parts (أ), (و), (لم) “أولم,” meaning: does it, referring to the fact, or sound logic of the evidence or clear situation. The (و) = (and) component is (و) of coupling which normally commences the sentence! However, because there is an interrogative particle which takes precedence for beginning a sentence! See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for more elaboration!

¹³³ The word “قادر” is masculine, singular, subjective noun, meaning: (1) *Causer of Fate*, (2) *He-Who is capable of: giving, doing, enforcing, or influencing!*

¹³⁴ The prepositional word “على” has nine different meanings, among them “الإستدراك و الإضراب” = “yet-still!” See *المغني اللبيب*!

¹³⁵ The word “الأجل” means term-limit, see *اللسان*!

¹³⁶ The word *aba*=“أبى” means categorically (absolutely, without exception) refused, i.e. not just simply refused!

¹³⁷ The “ظالمون” = “the injustice-doer,” as “الظلم” = “injustice!”

¹³⁸ The word “كفور” is masculine noun, denoting two meanings: (1) disbelief in religion; (2) ingratitude towards Allah's favors! Thus, this translation: “ingratitude/ disbelief”

¹³⁹ The particle “لو” since it is a future-connected verb, probable to occur and not sure it's a present occurrence, such a “لو” amounts to “if” or “when!” See *المغني اللبيب، أين هشام*

103. Then [he] wanted to <i>yastafezza</i> ¹⁴⁰ (affirmably-provoke) them from the land ^w then We drowned him and whom ^p (were) with him together.	فَأَرَادَ أَنْ يَسْتَفِزَّهُمْ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ فَأَغْرَقْنَاهُ وَمَنْ مَعَهُ جَمِيعًا ﴿١٠٣﴾
104. And said We from after him to Israel's sons: let-dwell you ^z the Earth ^w /land ^w ; then <i>edba</i> (when/if) came promise (of) the other ^{w141} We came (brought) by you ^b <i>lafeefan</i> (compositely together).	وَقُلْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ لِبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ اسْكُنُوا الْأَرْضَ فَإِذَا جَاءَ وَعْدُ الْآخِرَةِ جَعَلْنَا بَكُمْ لَفِيفًا ﴿١٠٤﴾
105. And by the right ^x We descended it ^x and by the right ^x [it ^x] descended; and not We sent you ^g except a <i>mubashsheran</i> (iterative teller of pleasant tidings) and a <i>natheran</i> (repetitive warner).	وَبِالْحَقِّ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ وَبِالْحَقِّ نَزَلَ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ إِلَّا مُبَشِّرًا وَنَذِيرًا ﴿١٠٥﴾
106. And a Qur'an ^x We sundered ¹⁴² it ^x ; to read it ^x [you ^s] on the mankind on <i>mukthen</i> ¹⁴³ (gently/ deliberately and in staying) and <i>naẓẓalnabo</i> (We repetitively descended it ^x) <i>tanzeelan</i> ¹⁴⁴ (absolute descending).	وَقَرَأْنَا فَرَقْنَاهُ لِتَقْرَأَهُ عَلَى النَّاسِ عَلَى مُكْثٍ وَنَزَّلْنَاهُ تَنْزِيلًا ﴿١٠٦﴾
107. Let-say [you ^s]: let-believe you ^z by it ^x or let-not believe you ^z ; verily who ^r (had been) given they ^z the knowledge of before it ^x if [it ^x] (is to be) recited on them, they ^z tumble to their chins (i.e. on their faces) <i>sujjadan</i> (they in kowtowing manner).	قُلْ ءَامِنُوا بِهِ أَوْ لَا تُؤْمِنُوا إِنَّ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْعِلْمَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ إِذَا يُتْلَى عَلَيْهِمْ يَخِرُّونَ لِلْأَذْقَانِ سُجَّدًا ﴿١٠٧﴾
108. And say they ^z : <i>subhana</i> ¹⁴⁵ (hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects and that everything solemnly stands in awe and utmost consecration of) our Lord; <i>en</i> (verily) [was] our Lord's promise surely <i>mafoolan</i> ¹⁴⁶ (that which is inevitably done/ fulfilled).	وَيَقُولُونَ سُبْحَنَ رَبِّنَا إِنْ كَانَ وَعْدُ رَبِّنَا لَمَفْعُولًا ﴿١٠٨﴾
109. And they ^z tumble to their chins ^w (i.e. on their faces) weeping and it ^x augments them a <i>kebosh'o'an</i> ¹⁴⁷ (submission of: body/ sound and sigh).	وَيَخِرُّونَ لِلْأَذْقَانِ يَبْكُونَ وَيَزِيدُهُمْ خُشُوعًا ﴿١٠٩﴾
110. Let-say [you ^s]: let-invoke you ^z Allah or let-invoke you ^z <i>Ar-Rahman</i> whomever indeed ¹⁴⁸ you ^z invoke so for Him (are) the names the <i>busna</i> ^w (most all around beautiful) ^w ; and let-not louden [you ^s] by your ^t Prayer ^w and let-not <i>tokha'</i> fit (you ^g lower your ^t voice/ whisper) by it ^w and <i>ebtaghey</i> ¹⁴⁹ (let-earnestly-quest [you ^s]) between <i>tha'lekaa</i> (be-that-afar-it/ that) a path.	قُلْ ادْعُوا اللَّهَ أَوْ ادْعُوا الرَّحْمَنَ أَيًّا مَا تَدْعُوا فَلَهُ الْأَسْمَاءُ الْحُسْنَى وَلَا تَجْهَرْ بِصَلَاتِكَ وَلَا تَخَافُ يَهَا وَابْتَغِ بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ سَبِيلًا ﴿١١٠﴾

¹⁴⁰ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for the effect of the letter **س** when added to a word!

¹⁴¹ Here the word “الآخرة” could mean: (1) Day of Judgment, (2) your turn, as stated in *Ayah* 7 of this *Surah* (S17:7), (3) the Hour of the Hereafter!

¹⁴² That is *separated* it in *sets* of *Ayat*, each *Ayah* clear by *itself* as well as *in combination with others*!

¹⁴³ The word “مُكْثٌ” = “الرفق و الإناة” that is gently, deliberately and in staying!

¹⁴⁴ The word “تنزيلًا” is the *infinitive noun* of “أنزل”! When *such a noun* is used it is for strongest *intensification*! Hence, *absolute descending*! Also the word “تنزيل” has *several* meanings, among them: (1) *gradual revelation*, and (2) *descending*, (3) *array*! See التاج!

¹⁴⁵ The word “subhana” = “سبحان” has *no* English equivalent! Wherever this word, or its grammatical *inflections* (such as “سبحانك” or “سبحانه”) occur all are *associated with the divine uniqueness* of Allah, *doing stupendous work* that Allah and Allah alone can do, thus Allah is *hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects*, and that *everything solemnly stands in awe and utmost consecration of His divine and stupendous uniqueness*! So, we can render “subhana” = “سبحان” concept by saying: *hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects, and that all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him*!

¹⁴⁶ The word “mafoolan” = “مفعولًا” is an *objective, singular masculine noun*, for which there is *no* English equivalent!

¹⁴⁷ The word “خشوعًا” involves more than just “humbleness” or “submission” as that suggests *bodily or attitudinal* behavior! However, “خشوعًا” denotes *submission of sight and sound* as well! See اللسان!

¹⁴⁸ The particle “ما” is for “التأكيد” = *intensification* of the fact that *whatever* they invoke, *Ar-Rhaman* or *Allah*!

¹⁴⁹ The word “ابتغ” is based on the word “ابتغى” = “طلب حثيثًا” meaning: *earnestly quest*!

111. And let-say [you^s]: the praise (is) for Allah Who neither *ettakbatha*¹⁵⁰ (He took and made) a child and nor [was] for Him a partner in the proprietorship; and not[was]forHima *wa'leyen* (guardian/ally) out-of humility¹⁵¹; and *kabberho*¹⁵² (let-[you^s]: magnify Him/glorifying Him) *takberan*¹⁵³ (an utmost magnifying-/glorification).

وَقُلِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي لَمْ يَتَّخِذْ
وَلَدًا وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ شَرِيكٌ فِي
الْمُلْكِ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ وَلِيٌّ مِنَ
الَّذِ لِّ وَكِبَرُهُ تَكْبِيرًا ﴿١١١﴾

¹⁵⁰ The word “إِتَّخَذَ” from “الِإِتَّخَاذَ” which is “إِفْتَعَالَ” for “الِإِتَّخَاذَ” as stated in لسان العرب; therefore, “إِتَّخَذَ” is always taking and presuming some-thing about what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

¹⁵¹ That is to say Allah has no protector out of need to such a protector as such a need is humility!

¹⁵² That is to say: “الله أكبر” in absolute obedience and submission to Him!

¹⁵³ The word “تَكْبِيرًا” is the infinitive noun of “كَبَّرَ”= said “الله أكبر” in the absolute sense of obedience, submission and exaltation of Allah!